

THE PARISH CHURCH OF ST JOHN-AT-HAMPSTEAD

REGISTERS AND RECORDS

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The Registers of Baptisms, Marriages and Burials are from 1560 to 1842. Civil Registration began in England in 1837. The Trustees Minute Books are from 1744 to 1934.

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The sixth Year of the Reign of his present Majesty
King George the fourth intituled "An Act to establish
a Taxation of Costs on private Bills in the House of
Commons, and to prohibit the sale of certain offices
under the sign of the Rose, attending the House of
Commons" to examine and tax the Costs and expenses
relative to the Report of the said Bill of last Session
since reported to the House of Commons of the said Costs
and expenses so far as they relate to the House of
Commons. Now I do hereby certify that the
said Costs and expenses allowed in the said Report
amount to the sum of £1226-9-10 and do further
certify that the fees due on such Resolution amount to
the sum of £20 chargeable against Messrs Brookes
and Coates of 100 Fleet Street London the Party
applying for the Taxation given under my hand
the Twentieth day of July 1820 Charles Danvers
Solicitor.

The Clerk further reported that on the 1st of November last Messrs Brookes & Coates without
any previous communication to him had commenced
action in the Court of King's Bench against the
Trustees sued in the name of their Client to recover
the said sum of £1226-9-10. The Clerk further
certified and that under the warrant of
of 6 Geo 4 Cns the Plaintiff had since obtained
a Rule nisi calling upon the Trustee to show
Cause on or before the 21st November instant why
Judgment should not be entered up for the said
sum of £1226-9-10 so certified by the Speaker.

The Clerk also stated that since the commencement
of the Action he had submitted a Case thereon to
Counsel who were of opinion that the present Action
was not maintainable and that the Court would
not order Judgment to be entered up for the sum
so certified and the Clerk also reported that under

the advice of Counsel he had entered an Appearance
and pleaded in Bar to the Action.

A Letter from Messrs Brookes & Coates addressed
to the Trustees which had been sent under Cover to the
Clerk and sealed up was then presented & read of
which the following is a Copy - "Worshipful Church
"of God". Having heard nothing from your Clerk
since the close of the late investigation by the Commissioners
of that part of the Charge for the debt which relates to
"the House of Commons only, and for which the Newmaster
was declared liable by the Speaker of the House, we
now write formally to state, that that Certificate made
upon the Report of the Commissioners, and duly signed, is in
the following words: "I do hereby certify that the said Costs
and expenses allowed in the said Report amount to the
sum of £1226-9-10." In enquiring as we are now
obliged to do, where and when, we may apply for
payment of this part of the Charge, we find it also
necessary to say, that the course adopted in the late Investigation
of your Debts (as it was correctly stated) has arranged
disagreement. For what was that course? By your refusal to
accept our offer, voluntarily tendered to refer the whole
Bills to the most competent and most thoroughly -
"experienced persons or persons in London whom you
might yourselves have selected, you oblige us,
either to plunge the Parish in Law by bringing
Actions, or adopt the course suggested by some of
your body, namely, that of applying to certain
"Examiners, appointed under a very recent Act,
which functionaries have necessarily as yet had
but little experience in their office, and those
gentlemen adopt a certain New Rule about Solicitors
fees, of which rule nobody before heard, and which
Rule, of itself, in its application to this account
tends materially to reduce some of the usual charges.
Of this Rule however, on its application, we do -

not complain in the slightest degree; because having adopted your suggestion, we must take the consequences, though we could not help smiling at the eagerness with which the reference was persisted in, sever after it was seen that it would not settle the whole bill, for soon as its obvious tendency was ascertained - but what we do complain of, and never shall acquiesce in, is, that reburdenment to us for business done and money actually paid to Counsel, by the direct order of the Parochial Committee, should be refused and strenuously opposed in the name of the whole body of present Trustees, because it is stated that the new Body do not now approve of the conduct of the old Parochial Committee in those respects, or acquiesce in the expediency of those Orders and payments. I may be true Gentleman that you think, or that no Committee may think when you so strenuously object it, that those payments were not such as you would have made had you all been upon that Committee; though we utterly disbelieve and despise even that statement. But is it therefore just that we should pay these charges? absurdly not; yet your Clerk at least seems to think that, if the new Trustees oppose; we are to be the victims of this despatchancy between your opinion and those of the Parochial Committee. Is that right? Objections were not directed to the motives of one learned and respectable individual on that Committee, in ordering us to pay fees to a certain Counsel who was alleged to be his friend. We really think this perfectly flagrant mode of seeking to cut down a fair account, one that was offered again and again to be referred to any competent person, with hardly a man to object with the respectable part of the Commissioners of Hampstead, whatever the present state of the Parish

"may seem to suggest to the contrary. With future
Matters we have however no present concern. We
have now made our final protest against the course
pursued, and shall only request to know whether the
money required does not exceed £100. We are Your Honour
"Your obedt^t Servt^t Brookes Green & Cooper 29 Elizt^t
Bridgford Nov-19 Aug 1828 D. S. When we delivered
our account, we understood that the Painter Bill
therein mentioned included all charges by him relating
to the Act, but it did not include his charge for
printing the 500 Copy of the Act, amounting to
£42-5-6, which we have since paid - To the
Trustees of Hampstead Church."

Upon this Letter having been read the Clerk
requested permission to state what actually took
place before the Examination upon the Question but the
Trustees were of opinion that such Statement on
his part was unnecessary.

The Clerk then presented the only subsequent
correspondence which had taken place between
himself and Mr^r Brookes & Co^t of which the following
is a Copy - "6 George Inn Square - Hampstead
Church Act - Gentleman. Yesterday was the day
appointed for the Meeting of the Trustees but a
sufficient number did not attend to constitute
a Meeting. Another Meeting will be convened
in the early part of next week and I would suggest
the expediency of my being furnished in the
interval with the particulars of any further claim
which you may purpose making for costs in
soliciting the Act over and above the sum stated
in the Trustees Certificate, in order that the whole
matter may be introduced at once to the notice
of the Trustees. I am Gentleman Your obedt^t Servt^t
Mr Toller. M^r Brookes Green & Cooper".

Hampstead Church Act - Sir In answer to
yours letter dated Yesterday, we have to remark
that we have already communicated to the Trustees
through your means the particulars of all our
claims in respect to this Act, and also our
objection to the way in which those claims have
been met, and therefore we consider the whole
subject as sufficiently before the Trustees at
the present moment. We are, Sir, Your Obedt^t
Servt^r Broth^r Gratt & Cooper - 29 Octo^r 1820. The Toller Regt.

It was moved by W^r Harmer and seconded
by W^r Hare and carried accordingly.

That the Clerk be instructed to show Cause
under the Advice of Mr^r Clarke (the Counsel
already consulted) against the Rule Nisi
for Judgment obtained by Messrs^r Brooks & Gratt
and Cooper in the Action brought by them against
the Trustees and that a Meeting be convened
as soon as practicable after the Court shall have
given their Decision thereon.

Adjourned.

R. H. Simpson
Chairman.

129

13 Jan.

At a General Quarterly Meeting of
the Trustees for the purpose of carrying
into execution the before mentioned
Act held at the Committee Rooms
in Hampstead Workhouse on Tuesday
the 13th of January 1829, at eight
o'clock in the Evening?

Present,

Rev^r R. H. Simpson A.M. Licensed Vicar in the Chancery
Thomas Sheppard

J. C. Cameron

John Dafford

W^r Harmer

W^r Heathfield

George Baile

Edw^r Cartlidge

John Finch

W^r Attw^r Hamilton } Clerkswardens.

Rev^r R. H. Simpson was elected Chairman.
The Minutes of the last Meeting were read and
signed by the Chairman.

This Meeting was convened by Order of the
Minister for the purpose of holding the General
Quarterly Meeting directed by the Act, and also
specially to consider the Resolution passed at the
last Meeting relative to the Action brought by
Messrs^r Brooks & Gratt & Cooper against the Trustees.

Letters from Mr. W^r Stark of Pond Street and
Mr. Masters of High Street in answer to an
application made to them by the Clerk for a
Statement of their Claims to the free use of two
Pews in the Church were presented and read. Of
which Letters the following are Copies - "Hampstead
Dec^r 22^d 1820 - Sir, According to your wish to
be furnished with a Statement of my Claims to

"a few Pews in the South Aisle of the Parish Church
of Bampstead, my claim, which now for the first
time has been questioned, I rest entirely on the
"ground of the subscription given by the family
of Bourne's to the said Church for which
subscription the family was to possess a few
Pews as long as any of them remained in the Parish.
"As the representatives didn't consider my
right as perfectly established until the Trustees
pointed out the contrary. The above statement
will be handed to you to be before them
at the next Meeting from your obedient Servt
J. H. Macintosh. M. W. Clerk Clerk to the Parochy
of the Church."

Bampstead 1 January 1829 - Sir In reply to
your letter of the 20 Decr. last, relative to the Pew
No: 69 I beg to refer you to my late Father's
letter to the Trustees on the subject mentioned
on the Minutes of the Trustees, and trust the
same will now as I did then satisfy them
of the correctness of my claim. Exanter yours
obedtly John Webster. J. Folger Esq: Clerk to
the Trustees of the Church.

Resolved

That the Clerk do represent to Mr. H. Estlin
and Mr. Maxton that the claims set up by them
to the two Pews in their respective occupations
cannot be admitted by the Trustees but that
liberty will be given to them to contribute the
use of such Pews until the Repairs of the Church
take place.

Bills for last year Salary to the Organist
Rev. Stoner & Carter and for Captain Foster
and other Disbursements for the Church
amounting together to £87-15-10 were
presented and ordered for payment.

The Resolution passed at the last Meeting
desiring the Clerk to show cause against the
Rule for Justly and Arbitrably. Mr. H. Brooks
Spurce and Cooper in Michaelmas Term last
in the action brought by them against the Trustees
was read and taken into consideration but
the Resolution was founded thereon.

Adjourned sine die.

J. H. Simpson.

129

10 Feb

A Special Meeting of the Trustees for
the purpose of carrying into execution
the before mentioned Act Holden at
the Committee Room in Hampstead
Workhouse on Tuesday the 10th of February
1829 at eight o'clock in the Evening.

Present

W. H. Simpson A.M. Licenced Cleric in the Church
Thomas Sheppard
Thomas Parrott
J. C. Cameron
Henry White
John Weeks
Rev. Hamilton } Churchwardens.

Rev. W. H. Simpson was elected Chairman.

The Minutes of the last Meeting were read and
signed by the Chairman.

This Meeting was convened by order of five
Trustees relative to the action pending in the
Court of Kings Bench between Mr. Brooks
Grane & Cooper and the Trustees of the said Act.

A Letter from Mr. Brooks Grane & Cooper
with an account enclosed of which the following
are respective Copies were presented & read -
"Sir - Having been induced to discontinue the
proceeding against you, as Clerk to the Trustees of
the Hampstead Church Act, and understanding that
the Trustees are desirous of a more particular
Reply to your letter of the 15th October last, we have
sent the enclosed Account. We need scarcely add,
that if contrary to our present expectation, we are
encouraged to resort to a legal remedy, we reserve
the right to establish a claim to the whole £350
in part liquidation of the sum which we contend,
for reasons partly stated at the foot of the account,
have been improperly struck out of our Bills,

"and which, as we have there said, deserve the attention
of the Trustees on the equitable Settlement of our
Account. We are Sir, Your obedt Servt Brokers Grane
& Cooper 29 Bedford Row 30. Aug 1829.
Thomas Waller Esquire Clerk to the Trustees of
Hampstead Church Act

The Trustees of Hampstead Church account with Brokers Grane & Cooper for	
To Amount Certified by the Solicitors £350.0.0	By Cash of Drachas
To Cash in the Account	£350.0.0
Amounts for carrying through the Bills after it had passed the House of Commons £69.10.10	Drachas 1249.16.8
To Cash paid Drachas Received £190.2.0 - }	Charged in former Account 42.5.6
To further claims as below stated. £ 25.10.6	£ 1599.16.8
	£ 1599.16.8

We claim to be allowed to retain out of the sum of
£350 received of the Parochial Committee a sufficient
sum to reimburse us the fees paid out of pocket, and for
other business transacted by their express Order, and
which have been altogether disallowed on the late
Examination. We submit also to the Trustees that we
ought in common fairness to be allowed the difference
between the undercharges made by us, and the sum
admitted by the Examiners to be justly chargeable.
The total of the above claims on a moderate computation
is the above mentioned sum of £264.10.6. In considering
the above claims we beg the Trustees especially to
bear in mind that while our moderation was held
to preclude us from the allowance of those undercharges,
our other fair charges for a multitude of important
attendances be made early and late & throughout
the day occasionally extending to a late hour of the
night, were altogether disallowed merely because
through extreme application to obviate the necessity
of commencing de novo on the conclusion of the

Section such business was performed within 24 hours, and we were allowed instead the sum of Two Guineas a sum paid to an Attorney for merely waiting for the trial of his cause at the Bar, which fee was imagined by newly constituted Examiners to be the proper remuneration for a day's service however important & laborious for which however it must appear extremely inadequate especially in a case like the present, involving a variety of conflicting interests and imposed not only by some of the parties engaged therein, but directly imposed by a portion of the Parliament and in which the payments out of pocket to the Speaker, Clerk and Printer alone to say nothing of fees to Counsel and other large expenses, amount to £540 and upwards.

Resolved

That the Clerk do inform Messrs. Brooks, Grace & Coates that the Trustees cannot make any communication to them whilst the present action continues, but that if it be discontinued he is instructed to make a communication to them provided they engage to receive the same without prejudice to any question as to the liability of the Trustees to the payment of the whole or any part of Messrs. Brooks, Grace & Coates' demands contained in the above account.

That upon Messrs. Brooks & C^o according to such sum the Clerk be instructed to state to them that the Trustees have no authority to enter upon the subject of any Costs & Expenses excepting those of obtaining the Act & incidental thereto, and that so far as concerns the Costs & Expenses of soliciting the Act thro' the House of Commons both parties are precluded from description by the Speaker's Certificate and therefore that the

amount mentioned in such Certificate together with the Costs & Expenses of paying the Act thro' the House of Lords & the Printer subsequent Bills stated to have been incurred in the account first rendered - constitute the whole sum to which the Trustees consistently with their Duty or authority can attend

That the Trustees being responsible to the Vestry & being compelled to submit to them their accounts would not feel justified in applying the Funds in hand towards payment of any part of Messrs. Brooks & Coates' demands without authority of Vestry, but that with a view to a Settlement ~~that~~ the Trustees will recommend to the Vestry to allow the payment of £876. 9. 10 over the balance due upon the Speaker's said Certificate for the Costs & Expenses of soliciting the Act thro' the House of Commons after deducting the sum of £350 paid on account thereof by former Trustees previous to the passing of the Act, and also to allow the payment of ~~which~~ ^{of all} the Printer's said additional account for the Costs & Expenses of soliciting the Act thro' the House of Lords & incidental thereto such two mentioned sums making together £900. 6. 2 to be in full of all demands for obtaining the Act and relate thereto and that such a sum will be made at the next Vestry which shall be convened at the request of the Trustees for the purpose of the Act.

Adjourned to Yesterday 27 February
1829 to meet at the Workhouse at
Eight o'clock in the Evening.

H. H. Simpson

129

24 Feb

An adjourned Meeting of
the Trustees of the Church for
the purpose of carrying into
execution the before mentioned
Act held at the Committee
Room in Hampshire Workhouse
on Tuesday the 24th of February
1829 at Eight o'clock in the Evening.

Present.

Rev'd R. H. Simpson Un-elected Clerk in the Chair
Richard Heathfield C. W. Pease
George Price John Lcock
Charles Hodges & J. Churchill
Henry White Nat. Hamlin

Rev'd R. H. Simpson un-elected Chairman
The Minutes of the last Meeting were read
and signed by the Chairman.

The Clerk reported that the first part of the
Resolution passed at the last Meeting had been
communicated to Messrs. Brooks Crane & Foster
who had since discontinued their Action against the
Trustees, but that in consequence of Messrs. Brooks
&c not having sent the undertaking required
the latter part of the Resolution had not yet been
made known to them.

Motion. Upon the Motion of W^r Heathfield seconded by Mr.
Price,

That it is necessary to proceed to the immediate
repair of the Church and also to carry into effect the
provisions of the Act so far at least as is practically
required by the Terms thereof.

That Mr. Hamlin be requested to prepare a
detailed Specification of the whole repair necessary

to be done to the Church in its present state including
Painting and Whitewashing.

A Plan by Mr. Salter Architect for enlarging
the western Wall of the Church, & respecting the
interior by which two additional Sittings would be
obtained was presented together with a Report of
Mr. Salter respecting the repairs of the Church.

W^r Holford gave notice that at the next
Meeting he should submit for adoption a Plan for
extending the western walls of the Church about 11
feet in order where by to provide increased accommodation
in two Sittings without diminishing the present
number of rented Sittings.

Ordered

That in the circular for the next Meeting the Clerk
do request the particular attendance of all the Trustees

I adjourned to Friday the 6th March
next to meet at the Workhouse at Eight
o'clock in the Evening.

R. H. Simpson.

129

6 Mar.

At an adjourned Meeting of the
Trustees of the Church for the purpose
of carrying into Execution the before
mentioned Act held at the Committee
Room in Springfield Workhouse on
Friday the 6th of March 1829 at eight
o'clock in the Evening

Present -

Rev. A. H. Simpson of said Licensed Parson in His Name
J. White J. C. Cameron
Charles Holgate C. W. Johnson
Edward Parlett Thos. Farmer
Richd Skellifield &
George Price John Scott Thorburn

The Rev'd A. H. Simpson was elected Chairman
The Minutes of the last Meeting were read and
Signed by the Chairman

The Clerk reported that since the last Meeting
he had communicated to Mr. Brooks Crane
Copy of the whole of the Resolution passed on the
24th of February in his Meetg. Brooks & Co^{rs} having
previously consented to receive such Communication
without prejudice to the Trustees

Ordered

That the Clerk do apply to Mr. Brooks & Co^{rs} in order to ascertain if they concur in
the proposed arrangement for effecting a Settlement
of their account and if so to request them to
exhibit for the inspection of the Trustees the several
Bills for Debts due and in arrears.

A detailed Specification of the affairs of the Church
prepared by Mr. Fullaway pursuant to the Order
of the Board was presented and read.

Resolved

That it be referred to a Committee to examine
the same and to confer with Mr. Fullaway thereon with
full power to cause such further enquiry as may be made
into the state of the Church as they may deem necessary
and to report thereon to the Board and that such Committee
consist of Mr. Holgate, Mr. White and the two
Churchwardens.

It having been intimated to the Board that
the Minister & Parson severally objected to the Plan
for enlarging the Church proposed at the last
Meetg. Mr. Holgate with drew his Motion of which
Notice had been given at the last Meeting.

Upon the Motion of Mr. Price seconded by Mr. Farmer

That Mr. Fullaway be instructed to propose his
opinion upon the most eligible Plan for providing
the number of free Seating in the present Church
required by the Act.

Adjourned sine die.

J. White

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24 March

At a Special Meeting of the Trustees convened by order of the Churchwardens for the purpose of carrying into execution the before mentioned Act Holden at the Committee Room in Hampstead Workhouse on Saturday the 21st of March 1829 at 12th Inst 9 o'clock in the forenoon

Present

Rev D White the Minister in the Chair
Rev R H Simpson Assistant Curate
Charles Holiford George Price
J C Cameron Thos Harrow
Thomas Chappard
Henry White Mr Lock Churchwarden

To the Minutes of the last Meeting were read and approved by D White the Chairman

The following Letter from Mr Brooks Curator was presented and read -

Hampstead Church Act - Sir - Although we feel that the recommendation proposed by the resolution of the Trustees of the 10th ult^o should have been somewhat extended, yet for the purpose of completing an amicable arrangement we beg to express our concurrence therin, hoping that the Trustees will submit it to the Vestry as early as may be convenient, that part, "at least, of the funds which they have now in hand, may be applied towards liquidation of an account so long standing - We are Sir, Your very Obedt Servt Brothrs Isaac & John S Bedford Row, 12th March 1829 - Thomas Miller Esq: Clerk to the Hampstead Church Trustees

A Letter from William Wilberforce Junior requiring expressing his determination to resign

his Office of Trustee under the Act was presented & read.
The Committee appointed at the last Meeting presented a further Report of Mr Villians upon the State of the Church Tower.

The following are Copies of Mr Villians detailed Specification of the Repairs of the Church presented at the last Meeting and of his further Report presented at this Meeting

Specification of the several Works necessary to be done for the repairing and reuniting Hampstead Church.

Observations

Specification

The Roof is covered with green Westmorland Slates hung to oak Laths by wood pins partly pointed inside.

The Slating of the Roof must be stripped sorted and afterwards relaid with as much new of the best Green Westmorland slate as may be necessary to recover the Roof, the small stuff & the old to be rejected & the new to be in larger courses than the present and to be laid at the lower ends of Patches the bottom course not less than 2["] 6["] wide and diminishing in proportion. The whole put on with copper Hails

The Gutters badly laid and have been soldered in a great many pieces.

The Lead of the Gutters &c to be taken up recent and relaid with as much new as may be necessary. The Lead of Gutters when relaid to weigh not less than 8 lb to the Foot - The Gutters to have a fall of 2 Inches in every ten feet and 3 ft. deep and to be nowhere narrower than 12 In^{ns}.

Flashings to Gutter of 5 lb to 6 lb wide.

Lead to Ridge 22 In^s wide 6 lb to the Foot fastened to the Purlins with Lead headed Nails.

Observations.

The woodwork covering of present Lead pipes is rotten, but will not be required to new pipes.

The Timbers of the Roof are very large and sound. They are framed together in a very bad principle and are in many places open at the joints, but it is very probable this may have been the original fault in execution.

From the unregularity of the timbers, and the Rafters being framed into them instead of laying upon them, they have sagged very much in each Bay.

There is no ridge piece but the tops of the Rafters are halved together from which cause the upper division of the Rafters have given way more than the others & in consequence the Ridge Post is crooked from one end to the other.

Specifications

The Lead down pipes to be taken away by the Contractor and soon. Two of the same diameter fixed in their places with proper heads & those of Iron Lead Solder to make the same.

The Rafters must either be sawed out where sunk or if it can be done must be taken out and turned the round side upward. This must at all events be done with the upper ends of Rafters next the ridge and a New ridge 12 In. by 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ must be fixed in long long this upon the top of the Ridge Posts & the end of Rafters made very flat to fit with two spikes & 3 In. Bridge Nail must be fitted above it with proper heads.

The Rafters under gables must be driven up tight or wedged & new ones added if necessary in any part.

The Ridge will be covered with such slates as have 5. inches wide fitted at a proper distance apart to receive the Rafters with proper Ridge Boards. Saw Boards fitting closely be.

Some Stones of Capping that are cracked must be replaced with new, to correspond w^t of the same description of Stone properly crimped, the Joints well pointed & run with Lead.

The Stone Steps, Landing Curb, &c. at the West Entrance to be taken up & replaced in their proper places & where broken made good with New Stone of the same kind.

New Porthole Stone Curb to be made to the Air Floor on each side of the Church & the present Gratings let into the same.

The Steps at East Entrance to be taken up & replaced by New ones; whatever Stone is sound & fit may be used again. New Iron Gratings to be fitted in the same.

All the New Stone work or that which is replaced, must be properly crimped and run with lead. All Gavels must be painted.

Any other Stone work that may be found defective must be made good & the whole must be well cleaned with Sand and Water & a Brush, but not the surface taken off.

Generally in a good state
the Brickwork & Masonry
work throughout appears to have been
very well executed.

The brick work is in
accident condition

Generally speaking in
very good substance
repair.

The inside of all the Parapets,
Brick & Stone work, to be well pointed
where necessary
Interior
The Entablature between the columns
of the Nave and the Altar Piece which
has been dragged down, by the sinking

Observations.

Specification

¶ The Tower must be cut away, & the
Plastering made good, & plain
moulded bands run in place of the
Entablature.

The Plaster ornaments & Mouldings
which in many parts of the Church
are broken, must be carefully made
good & restored. If necessary
part must be moulded & cut to replace
them.

The Cornices & other Plastering
where ever in the Church must be
taken down restored & all cracks and
defective places made good & places
cut out where necessary to make
sound work.

The whole of the Plastering Walls
ceilings &c must be well scraped &
washed, defects made good cracks
stopped & washed twice with strong
size & colour, drab or stone, or other
tint not exceeding common colour,
& the Mouldings & Cornices must be picked
out lighter.

All the Wood & Iron work must be
well scraped washed or sanded down
& stopped with pitch & painted 3 times
in oil & finished stone or drab colour
except those Pews that are lined
with cloth.

Observations.

Specification

The Pew fronts & Gallery front painted
in imitation of Oak & twice varnished
with the best Crystal Varnish.

The Pew Doors to be numbered with
Shaded Figures.

The outside of Doors & frames windows
panes down pipes & any other outside
wood or iron work to be painted four Oils
& finished either by staining in imitation
of stone or by graining & varnishing.

All the internal Doors to be grained
& varnished as before described.

All the Columns with their Caps &
Bases to be painted 3 Oils & sanded in
imitation of stone this applies to those
of the Altar Piece also.

The Pictures of the Glue of the
Altar Screen are also to be painted and
sanded in imitation of stone.

The Panels in the Altar Screen
on which the words of the Communion Service
are written are to be scraped rubbed &
properly prepared & then painted 3
Oils & finished either in some apparel
colour & the words written in gold letters
& back shaded.

The top of the Pews is
very uneven the floor
having in several
places sunk from
an inch to an Inch

All the Pew doors in Gallery & down
stairs which have sunk must be unhang
the hanging & lock plates placed & if
necessary placed the hinge packed out
& hung so as to make the opening even.

Observations

Specification

and half of the smaller
Columns that support
the West Gallery have
much decayed. Much of
these parts are old timber
which have arisen
probably from the
making vaults under
the Church after it was
built are more unsteady
than injurious & the
only perfect mode of
removing them would
be by taking up the
planking & floor in these
parts that are sunk
& wedging up the
slopes so as to bring
the floor all level &
then refacing the door.

The wood lining to some of the
windows is displaced & loose. The
panelling cracked & Mouldings broken
they must all be taken out refitted
& fixed in their proper situations
& generally all the wood work of the
Pews lining against Wall & Pews
of galleries, the Doors, Staircases
Sights Architraves & all joiners
work in & about the Chapel must
be carefully examined. Such parts
as are removed from their places
that are loose or improperly fitted
must be taken down refitted and
fitted of new spars
The Plinths & surbases & other
Wood work about & off the Altar Screen
must be all properly fitted & secured
& made good where wanting

The ends of Gallery Stairs to
be made good where defective & the
steps of landings taken up the posts
& Timbers forced out where wanting
to make them level & the boards refit
& made good

All the wood work in the several
Entrances to be reinstated where defective

The Pavings of the Aisles Entrances
& galleries to be taken up & re squared.
(S.S.B. The points worked square this is
not understood) & refit with as much
new of the same description as will be
necessary to make it good

Observations

Specification

The Steps & paving to Altar to be also
refitted in like manner

The Tower

The office upon the Tower must have
the old Copper stripped off & be recarded
with New Copper weighing 16 Oz to the
Foot properly lapped & jointed -
The Boarding & Timber where decayed
must be made good

The Ceiling of Clock Room in Tower
must be repaired & whitened

The Brickwork to be made good
under Windows of Ringing Floor

The Ceiling of S. repaired stopped
& whitened

The Ceiling of Vestry & Walls to be
made good washed stopped & coloured
as described for the Church.

The Heating to be made good to Floor
& any of the wood work to be repaired where
necessary

All the wood work in Vestry to be
scrapped stopped & painted. 3 hours in
oil, drab or common Colour - The Doors
grained wainscot & varnished twice

The Tower to be under pinned & made
perfectly secure

The Brickwork of External Wall to be
then taken down between the brick courses
by the Settlement & the Tower Chases cut

Observations

Specification

In the Tower & the Brickwork rebuilt.
Swerched into the Staves which must
be prepared leaving the Tower free
to settle again.

The Opening & other stone work done
Windows, Trusses & Glaze inserted
Plastering the sc. to be made good.

Further Report,

Tamworth Church March 16. 1827

The ground inside the Tower under the
Floor of Vestry having been excavated cleared
away I proceeded to examine the state of the
Foundation of the Tower in the presence of Mr
Rev D White, the Revd J H Simper Esq
Esquire Henry White Esq and the two Trustees

The manner in which the Foundation has
been executed appears precisely the same from
the Survey on the inside as it did from the outside
view viz that the walls of the Tower are built upon
two courses of 3 Inch deal planks one crossing
the other in opposite directions the bottom
course resting upon the Soil (which is a loamy
clay) without Piles or Sleepers and the Brickwork
built upon the upper course.

The Planking does not appear to have extended

any wider than the thickness of the walls at bottom
except at the canted angles and from these it
projects square into the Tower thus -



There are no projecting footings on the inside
of the Tower any more than on the outside, with the
exception of the set off of a quarter of a Brick in
projection about 2 feet above the bottom of the
Brickwork.

The Bricks in the lower part of the walls
are soft and appear to have been of an inferior
quality originally.

The deal plank especially the upper course
is so completely decayed as to leave a cavity of
from 3 to 5 in. high and from 6 to 10 inches deep
all round under the walls - beyond this & at about
the centre of the wall the wood appears to be left
decayed and sustains the weight of the Tower, it
is however considerably compromised and in some
parts the black remains of wood are jammed
tight into the clay on which they laid - judging
from the Trial previously made on the outside
of the wall, the general width of the supporting
part of the substructure, that is the remains
of the planking, is less than 2 feet; the wood
at the angles appears to be less decayed at present
than in the other parts, probably from its being
greater in width & therefore a larger Mass, for
as before observed it is towards the outer and
inner faces of the walls, in the other parts, that
the wood appears to have first failed & is now
the most decayed.

The wood wherever it continues to retain

any consistency is full of water and spongy
that which is least decayed appears to be weakest.

Although the Planks are decayed all round, it
is rather more so on the West side, than towards
the Church said on the South side, than on the
other two sides, in the former it is generally
lost to all appearance and a black clayey soil
resembling very compact mud supplies its
place, this however is only towards the
exterior as some portion of partially undecayed
wood must remain in the centre of the wall
to sustain its height, yet in those parts the
soil is proportionally softer as it admitted
of an iron bar being twisted upwards of 3 feet
under the walls.

An Examination by levelling in the
Year of the ringing bell corresponded with
the observations on the part of the foundation
where the Plank was most decayed, the floor
was out of level from East to West $\frac{3}{4}$ of an Inch
the side nearest the Church being lowest and
from North to South $\frac{1}{2}$ of an Inch the south
side being the lowest.

This was all the examination that could
be made and the conclusion that appears to
me to be the result of that examination, after
carefully considering the circumstances is that
the Tower should either be underpinned or
taken down.

That it might be underpinned and
made secure I have not the least doubt, but
of the expence of that operation I cannot give
a probable guess, for in order that it to be
done the execution of greater precaution
should be taken & more expense bestowed
upon it.

The popular opinion that the whole of the
Wood will decay and when gone that the
Tower will sink quietly down upon the solid
Earth still retaining its proportionate
with merely the loss of a little height, is
too conjectural & unworkmanlike for me to
join in it. Unprofessional Men may give
bolder opinions than professional, because
no loss of reputation will follow if they prove
unfounded & imprudent, and an individual
may incur risks to make experiments when
he is responsible for the result to himself
alone. - But an Architect or Builder must
not recommend the trusting to chance and
cautionless when he is consulted on subjects
in which not only his own character but the
safety of the Public is concerned.

The general idea of the manner or
process of underpinning would be to lay
horizontal pieces of timber under the stony
courses all round the Tower with the stones bedded
into the same taking shores of whole timber
from these forming with the horizontal angle
of from 25 to 30 degrees extending the beyond
the other footed upon very strong timber plates
of hard Oak well secured & heightened by double
Oak wedges when these are applied & made
perfectly secure to the four sides of the Tower
the ground must be excavated all round
to the bottom removing the Wall Steps.
Columns &c and the Stair Cases & the Stair Case
Floor

A better opinion could then be formed
than at present of the best mode of proceeding
to underpin but probably it would be this,
a space of about 2 feet wide would be cleared

*We
will
not
pay*

Through under the Wall in the centre of one of the sides, the bad Earth removed and the bottom levelled, the soft Bricks of the Tower overworn also be removed. Brickwork laid in Cement and spreading at least one foot wider each way than the thickness of the walls of the Tower would be built up to within 9 ft. of the bottom of Tower a piece of 4 inch Yorkshire laid upon the New Brickwork in Cement another piece laid upon that and be added up to the under side of Tower with Cement between these two species of Stone Iron wedges made nearly parallel would be driven one upon the other from the opposite sides of the Wall at the same time. This operation would be repeated all round till the whole was completed. Lewis Bullring.

They so add to the enclosed report that the weight of the Tower is - according to the Spare Wood Floor with Stockwork &c - 630 Ton 10 Cwt. which makes upon every square foot of the base a weight of 2 Ton 11 Cwt.

They have to observe that from experience I know that the soil of that spot is extremely variable & uncertain changing often suddenly from Sand to Clay & from Clay to loam, and therefore not to be depended upon for supporting a great weight. Lewis Bullring.

Ordered

That Mr. Hardwick of Pinhole Square, Architect be requested to examine the Church Tower and to report his opinion thereon forthwith.

Ordered

That the Clerk do write to Mr. Bullring requesting him to delay for the present the preparation of any Plan for providing the

requisite number of Free Sittings.

Mr. Moore gave Notice that at the next Meeting he should move to rescind so much of the Resolution passed at a Meeting held on the 10th of February last as precluded the Trustees from advancing out of the Fund in hand a part of the sum due to Mr. G. Brooke Green & Co. for soliciting the Act without authority of Assembly.

Adjourned sine die.

The Clerk present.

Adjourned sine die.

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A.Y. 1

At a Special Meeting of the
Trustees convened by Order of the
Churchwardens for the purpose of
carrying into execution the before
mentioned Act held at the Committee
Room in Hampshire Workhouse
on Saturday the 4th of April 1829
at half past 9 in the forenoon.

Present

Thomas Shippard Bourne in the Chair
J. C. Cameron Charles Robert
George Tovey Thomas Farmer
Henry White M. A. Hamilton Churchwarden

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Handwritten

Thomas Shippard Bourne was elected Chairman.
The Minutes of the last Meeting were read
and approved by the Chairman.

A Report upon the state of the Church,
prepared by Mr. Hamlin pursuant to the Resolution
of the last Meeting was presented and read
of which the following is a Copy — "Report made
1st April 1829 — Sir — Agreeably to the desire of
the Trustees of Hampshire Church communicated
to me in your Letter of the 23rd March I have examined
the Tower of the Church which I found to be built
upon a Foundation of old Planking laid upon
a loamy Soil very porous and wet. The Planking
has completely perished and in consequence the
Tower has sunk bodily about 2½ inches, creating
fractures and Settlement in the eastern external
walls and in the interior walls of the Church which
have been united with it. There is also a fracture
on the south side of the Tower extending over the Arch
of the first Story from the examination I made
I found the Tower in itself perpendicular and

it appears to have sunk very regularly. The two
extreme points or angles of the Church from North
to South are perfectly level. The external walls of
the Church from that part of their Foundations
which I had opened are not placed upon any
slabbing but upon the natural soil and the
Foundation of the Tower is about fifteen inches
below them. It is quite practicable to remove
the decayed Planking from underneath the
Tower and gain of opinion the best mode of
redressing the defect will be by York Stone
Lambriges securely inserted under the Foundation
firmly wedged in and run with Cement with
some additional Bricks and forming a
broad base for the Tower to rest on as can be
obtained. This is the most likely method to
prevent any further sinking of the Tower and
consequently any future Settlement in those
walls which are bonded into it. A work of this
kind is always attended with difficulty and
from the porous nature of the Soil on which
the Tower rests must involve in this instance
some degree of uncertainty both as to expense and
security, as the fractures in the external and internal
walls have produced a very disagreeable appearance
in the Church, the Trustees may probably think it
necessary to cause these walls to be so effectually
repaired as to remove the present apparent defects.
Under these circumstances I would take the liberty
of suggesting whether it might not be advisable
for the Trustees to consider at what additional
expense the enlargement of the Church, a work
I understand has been long under consideration,
might be effected by taking down the Tower
and extending the body of the Church as far
Eastward as may be required and then rebuilding